

# Diffusion and Active Transport Note Taking Sheet

Define Terms

ATP:

Active Transport:

Concentration Gradient:

Diffusion:

Plants love water. In fact, without water and nutrients the plant would not survive. So how does the plant receive the nutrients it needs to survive?

---

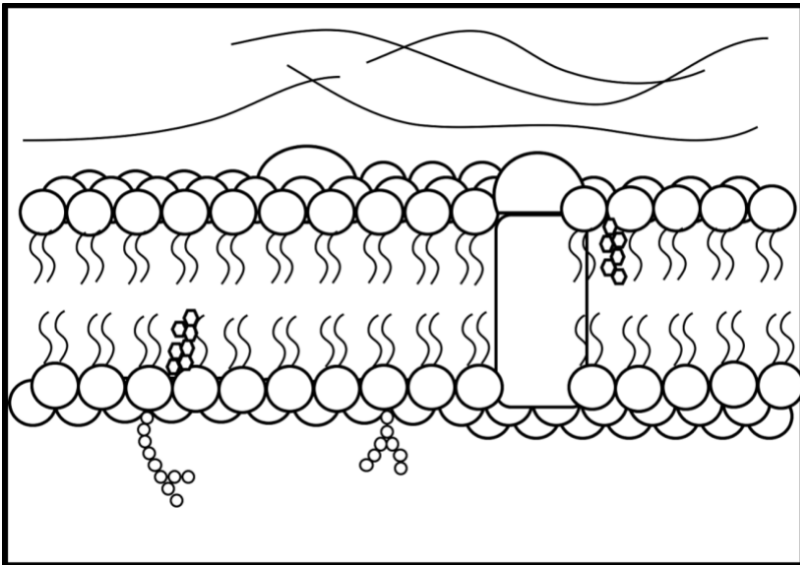


Image used from <https://www.teacherspayteachers.com/Product/Cell-Guided-Notes-Sample-of-Part-3-2973142>

The function of a cell membrane is to regulate what enters and leaves the cell and also provide protection and support. It is composed of a double lipid bilayer called a lipid bilayer and is semipermeable (only certain things go in and out). The membrane is made of phospholipids, which have a head and a tail.

The plant roots have tiny hairs that absorb water through the process of passive diffusion. Explain what this means:

---



---



---



---



---



---



---

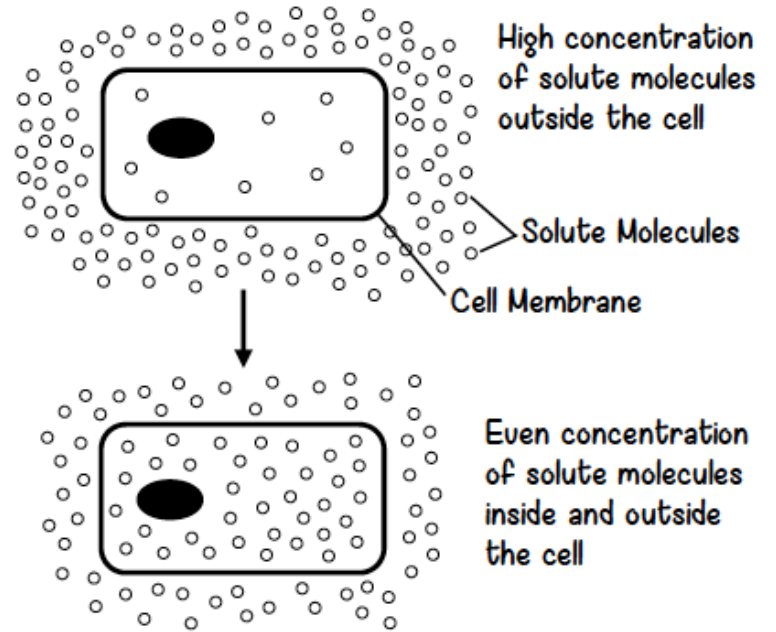


Image used from <https://www.teacherspayteachers.com/Product/Cell-Guided-Notes-Sample-of-Part-3-2973142>

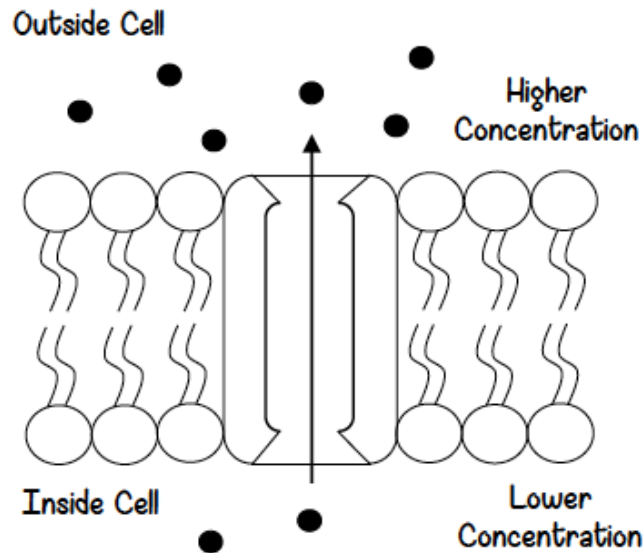


Image used from <https://www.teacherspayteachers.com/Product/Cell-Guided-Notes-Sample-of-Part-3-2973142>

Cells sometimes move materials in the opposite concentration direction (low to high). This is called active transport and requires energy. Where do plants get their energy from? \_\_\_\_\_ . How does the process of active transport support plants?